

USHC 5.4 Analyze the causes and consequences of United States involvement in World War I, including the failure of neutrality and the reasons for the declaration of war, the role of propaganda in creating a unified war effort, the limitation of individual liberties, and Woodrow Wilson's leadership in the Treaty of Versailles and the creation of the League of Nations.

1914: World War I Begins

Where? _____

The Causes:

The _____ System

N _____

The Igniting Incident:

Archduke Franz _____ of Austria was assassinated by a Serbian nationalist in 1914.

*Following the assassination, **alliances** were invoked, leading to a full-scale war with Britain, France, and allies on one side and Germany and allies on the other.*

1914-1917 U.S. maintains a policy of _____.

***THIS GUY** would have been proud! →*



~~TRADE~~ Naval warfare made it difficult for the U.S. to carry on trade with Europe as a neutral power.

PROVOCATIONS Three things prompted the U.S. to enter the war:

1. **CRUISE SHIP** Sinking of the _____ (1915)

"He kept us out of _____" Wilson's 1916 Re-Election Slogan

2. **TELEGRAM** The _____ Note (Germany to _____)

3. **SUBMARINE** _____ Submarine Warfare

Wilson: The U.S. is fighting to "make the world safe for _____."

PROPAGANDA *The U.S. government launched a massive propaganda campaign with **FOUR GOALS** in mind:*



Soldiers, Sailors, Nurses



Food and Resources



the War (Bonds)



the Enemy (the Hun)

Espionage and _____ Acts (1917-1918)

The **Espionage and Sedition Acts** banned Americans from undermining the war effort by speaking out against the war and doing anything else (discouraging the purchase of war bonds, opposing the draft, etc.) that could undermine the war effort.



Anti-German Sentiment:

This is a _____!
_____!



Frankfurter

DON'T TEACH THIS!



German Language

DON'T DISPLAY THIS!



Flag of Germany



ARMISTICE

_____/_____/1918 _____:00 AM



WILSON'S _____ POINTS:

1. Freedom of the _____
2. Reduction of _____
3. Open _____ | *Most*
4. _____ - _____ | *Important*
5. _____ of _____ ←

Wilson's Goal: _____

The Treaty of Versailles



Although President Wilson exercised a leadership role at the Paris Peace Conference, he had to make **concessions** to the Allies, who insisted on a "_____ " Clause blaming Germany for the war and the payment of _____ from Germany to the Allies.

However, the **Treaty of _____** also included Wilson's Fourteen Points, including re-drawing new national borders in Central Europe along _____ lines, although it failed to accommodate every European ethnic group (What is a Yugoslavian?).



The Treaty also created a _____ of _____, which Wilson believed to be the most important thing to prevent future wars.